

/	解説	中3 2次方程式 NO5 完全平方で解く①	NAME	mistake
/	NO5A			

問題  にあてはまる数を求めよ。また式が和か差の平方になるように完成させよ。

### Aコース

$$\textcircled{1} x^2 + 2x + \boxed{1} = (x + \boxed{1})^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} x^2 - 8x + \boxed{16} = (x - \boxed{4})^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} x^2 + \frac{6}{5}x + \boxed{\frac{9}{25}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{3}{5}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x + \boxed{\frac{1}{9}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{1}{3}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} x^2 - 7x + \boxed{\frac{49}{4}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{7}{2}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} x^2 - \frac{3}{4}x + \boxed{\frac{9}{64}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{3}{8}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} x^2 + 12x + 36 = (x + 6)^2$$

$$\textcircled{8} x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{16} = (x + \frac{3}{4})^2$$

$$\textcircled{9} x^2 - 9x + \frac{81}{4} = (x - \frac{9}{2})^2$$

$$\textcircled{10} x^2 - \frac{6}{7}x + \frac{9}{49} = (x - \frac{3}{7})^2$$

$$\textcircled{11} x^2 - 6x + 9 = (x - 3)^2$$

$$\textcircled{12} x^2 - x + \frac{1}{4} = (x - \frac{1}{2})^2$$

### Bコース

$$\textcircled{1} x^2 + 4x + \boxed{4} = (x + \boxed{2})^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} x^2 + 3x + \boxed{\frac{9}{4}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{3}{2}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} x^2 - \frac{2}{7}x + \boxed{\frac{1}{49}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{1}{7}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x + \boxed{\frac{4}{9}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{2}{3}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} x^2 - 20x + \boxed{100} = (x - \boxed{10})^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} x^2 - \frac{12}{5}x + \boxed{\frac{36}{25}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{6}{5}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} x^2 + 14x + 49 = (x + 7)^2$$

$$\textcircled{8} x^2 + \frac{13}{6}x + \frac{169}{144} = (x + \frac{13}{12})^2$$

$$\textcircled{9} x^2 - 26x + 169 = (x - 13)^2$$

$$\textcircled{10} x^2 - \frac{10}{7}x + \frac{25}{49} = (x - \frac{5}{7})^2$$

$$\textcircled{11} x^2 - 16x + 64 = (x - 8)^2$$

$$\textcircled{12} x^2 + \frac{28}{5}x + \frac{196}{25} = (x + \frac{14}{5})^2$$

### Cコース

$$\textcircled{1} x^2 - 6x + \boxed{9} = (x - \boxed{3})^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} x^2 + 5x + \boxed{\frac{25}{4}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{5}{2}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} x^2 - \frac{3}{5}x + \boxed{\frac{9}{100}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{3}{10}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} x^2 + \frac{8}{9}x + \boxed{\frac{16}{81}} = (x + \boxed{\frac{4}{9}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} x^2 - 32x + \boxed{256} = (x - \boxed{16})^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} x^2 - \frac{14}{3}x + \boxed{\frac{49}{9}} = (x - \boxed{\frac{7}{3}})^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} x^2 + 22x + 121 = (x + 11)^2$$

$$\textcircled{8} x^2 + \frac{14}{15}x + \frac{49}{225} = (x + \frac{7}{15})^2$$

$$\textcircled{9} x^2 - 18x + 81 = (x - 9)^2$$

$$\textcircled{10} x^2 + \frac{30}{17}x + \frac{225}{289} = (x + \frac{15}{17})^2$$

$$\textcircled{11} x^2 + 30x + 225 = (x + 15)^2$$

$$\textcircled{12} x^2 - \frac{19}{4}x + \frac{361}{64} = (x - \frac{19}{8})^2$$