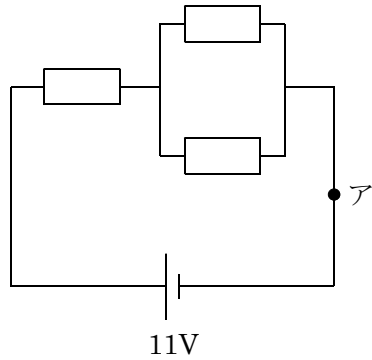
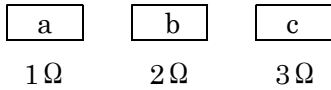


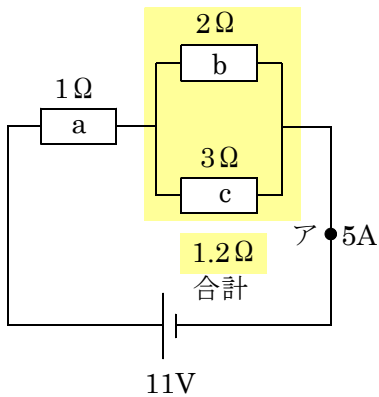
1 (ウ) アの部分に流れる電流が最も大きくなる3つの抵抗の組み合わせを考え、は何Aになるか求めよ。



$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{6}{5} = 1.2\Omega$$

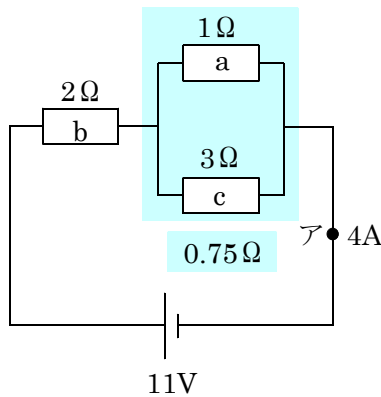
$$\frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} = 0.75\Omega$$

$$\frac{2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} = 0.66\cdots\Omega$$



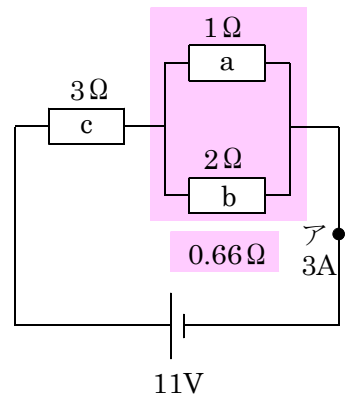
全体の抵抗の合計 2.2Ω

$$11V \div 2.2\Omega = 5A$$



全体の抵抗の合計 2.75Ω

$$11V \div 2.75\Omega = 4A$$



抵抗の合計 3.66Ω

$$11V \div 3.66\Omega = \text{約}3A$$

答 5A